







# Global Forum on Remittances, Investment and Development

Summit 2023
14-16 June
United Nations Office Nairobi, Kenya



Objectives 19 and 20





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# RemitSCOPE

Remittances to and from Africa – Market Landscape 2023 and Beyond)



# RemitSCOPE - Remittance Data Tool

- The data for this report has been drawn from the RemitSCOPE Africa website <a href="https://remitscope.org/africa/">https://remitscope.org/africa/</a>.
- Up-to-date and trusted remittance and remittance-related data across 54 countries in Africa and covers up to 140 different indicators per country.
- 5 thematic dashboards, 5 indexes and 54 Country Profiles.
- Other regions coming soon LAC & Central Asia.
- Data draws on a variety of publicly available sources and from bespoke primary research.
- Challenges with data quality, quantify and consistency.
- RemitSCOPE to evolve as data improves.
- Beta site mobile site not ready; improved functionality coming soon.





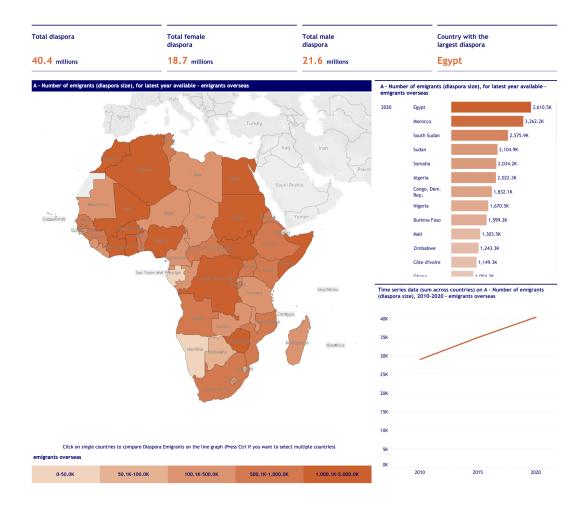


# Contents

- 1. African diaspora (international migrant stock)
- 2. Remittances country & corridor level data
- 3. Pricing trends
- 4. Financial inclusion & access to digital remittances
- 5. Operating environment & considerations for operators



# **African Diaspora (International Migrant Stock)**



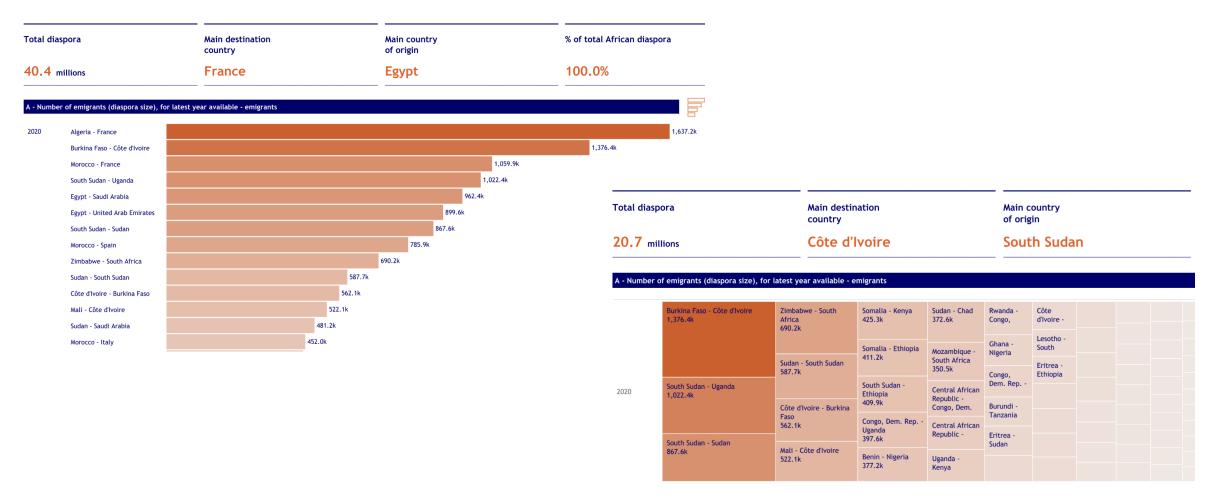
Time series data (sum across countries) on A - Number of emigrants (diaspora size), 2010-2020 - emigrants overseas thousands



Source: UNDESA, 2020



# **Largest Corridors and Intra-African Migration**

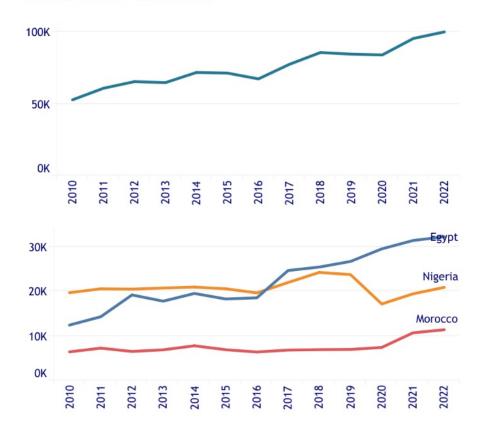


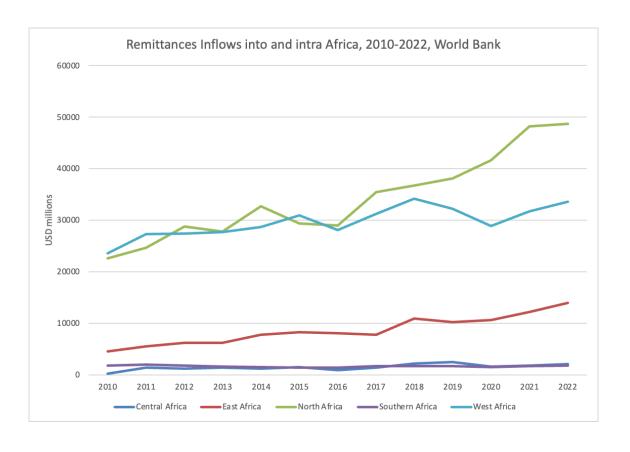
Source: UNDESA, 2020



# Remittance Flows into Africa

Time series data (sum across countries) on A - World Bank remittance inflows, 2010-2022 USD millions





Source: World Bank



# Importance of remittances

## A - The Importance of Remittances Index

Four different indicators constitute the index score to showcase different data points in conjunction with one another. This is a composite score that reflects the magnitude of formal remittance flows into the receive country, how important these formal contributions are at a country level and the size of the disapora relative to home country population. Weights are applied by experts. Scores out of 100.

**Africa** 

47/100

AVERAGE SCORE

This Index highlights countries for which remittances are likely to be important combining flows, dependency and proprotionate size of diaspora relative to home country. The Importance of Remittance Snapshot Index highlights the countries that are likely to be of interest from a policy and programme development perspective and/or for prospective and existing businesses.

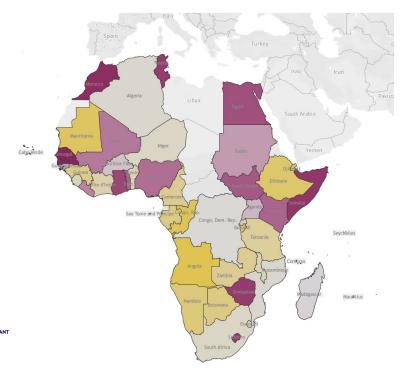
The four composite indicators used in the Index are:
(1) World Bank remittance inflows (USD)
(2) Dependency on remittances - World Bank remittance inflows as

(3) Household dependency on remittances (4) Diaspora as % of home-country population

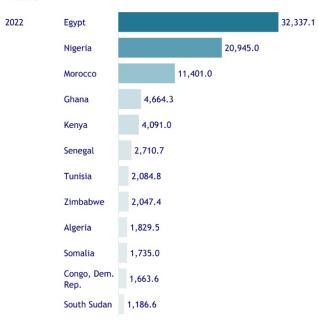
O NOT IMPORTANT

INDEX

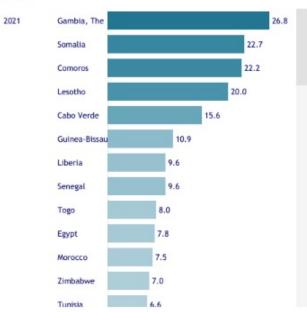
**SCALE** 



### A - World Bank remittance inflows, for latest year available - USD millions



### D - Economy's dependency on remittances, for latest year available - % of GDP



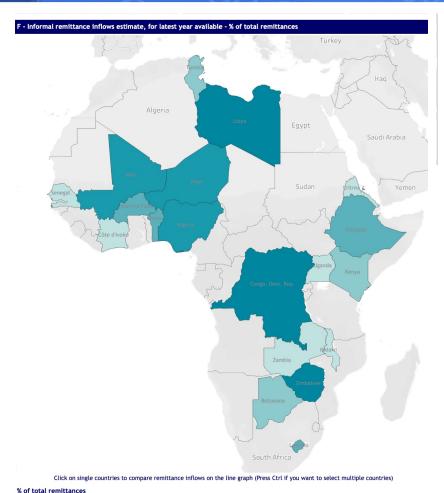
Source: World Bank



0-10%

11%-20%

# Remittances sent through informal channels



Ethiopia 2023

40.00

### % of total remittances

"The National Bank of Ethiopia estimates about 30 percent to 50 percent of private individual transfers use official channels. The other half use the parallel market for foreign exchange. Recent reforms are in the hope of standardising the two rates through improved efficiency of the foreign exchange market to redirect flows to official channels."

RemitSCOPE Research

### Kenya 2023

13.00

### % of total remittances

The CBK conducted a diaspora survey in 2022. The results found that 13% of transactions were sent through informal channels. [1]

The CBK and the Kenya National Bureau of Statistics are planning a new remittances HH survey in 2023.

Recent primary research by FSD Kenya focussed on remittances between Kenya and Uganda and Tanzania and found that use of unregistered MM agents (informal) was high.

RemitSCOPE Research

### Uganda 2023

10.00

### % of total remittances

The BoU 2018 survey reports that 10 percent of remittance values are sent via informal channels, but 27 percent of people use informal channels. For remittances sent to neighbouring countries the prevalence is suggested to be much higher. Unlicensed forex bureaus, hawala, friends, family, traders and unregistered mobile money agents are the main channels used.

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### **Corridor Level Data – Bilateral Estimates**

### **Total inflows into Africa – by corridor (estimates, 2021)**

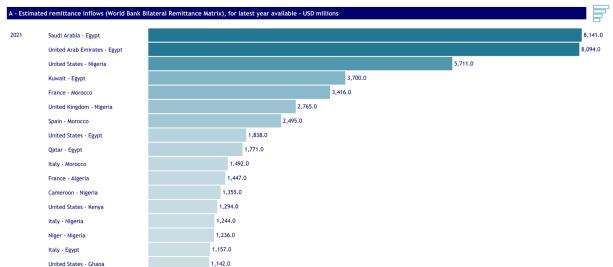
Total remittances country of remittances country of remittances country of remittances with this data

96,066 usp millions

Largest sending country of remittances with this data

Egypt

48



### **Total intra-African remittances – by corridor (estimates, 2021)**

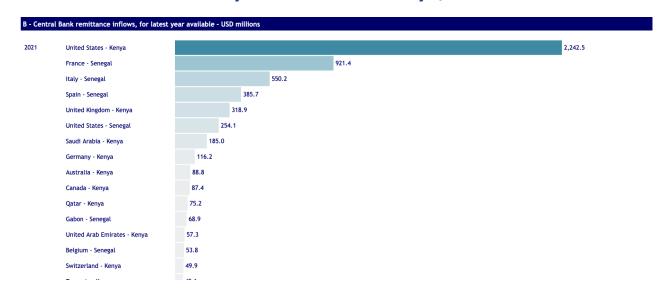


Source: KNOMAD, World Bank Bilateral Remittance Matrix, 2021



## **Corridor Level Remittance Data – Central Bank data**

### Remittance inflows by corridor into Kenya, 2021



### Remittance inflows by corridor into Morocco, 2020

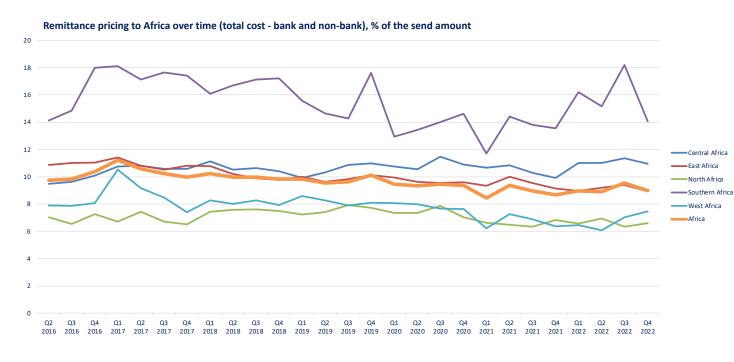


Source: Central Bank of Kenya

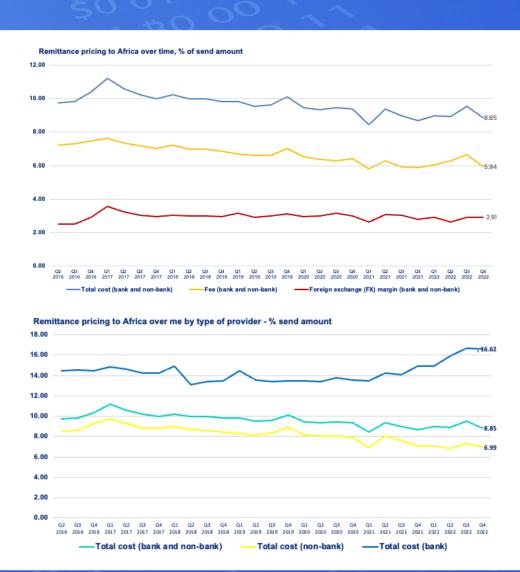
Source: Bank Al Maghrib, 2020



# **Pricing Trends**

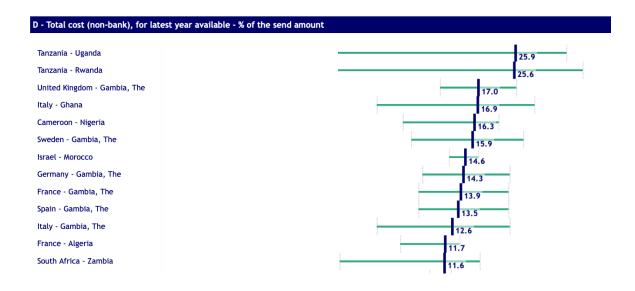




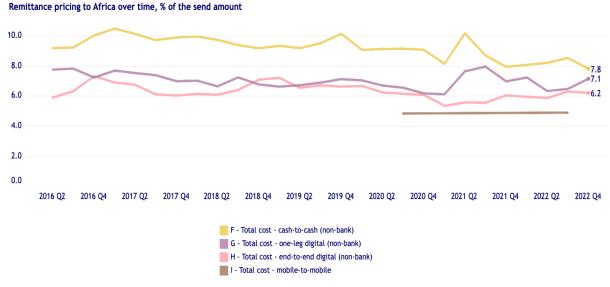




# **High Cost Corridors & Remittance Costs by Channel**



### Remittance pricing to Africa Over Time



Source: World Bank's Remittances Prices Worldwide, GSMA Pricing & a few PRIME Africa pricing corridors



# Financial Inclusion & Access to Digital Remittances

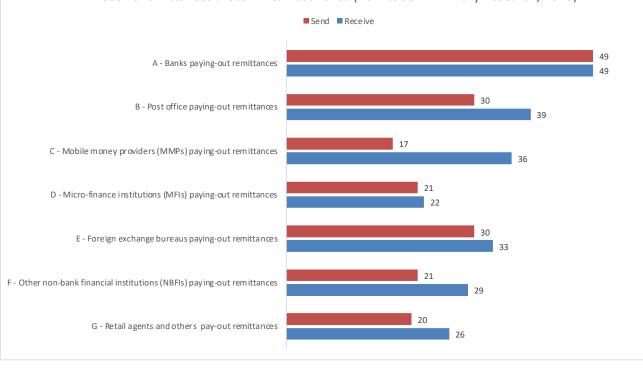


Financial Inclusion Highest financial Largest gender gap Use of digital payments across Africa inclusion in financial inclusion 52.0 % population (15+) Ghana Côte d'Ivoire 46.3 % population (15+) Mobile money account ownership in African the countries, for latest year available - % population (15+) Gender differences (average across countries), for latest year available - % D - Mobile money account ownership in African countries, for latest year 59.8 57.7 Gabon 53.8 Zimbabwe 45.3 Senegal Namibia 42.5 Cameroon © 2023 Mapbox © OpenStreetMap Zambia 41.8 Click on single countries to compare digitisation on the line graph (Press Ctrl if you want to select multiple countries) % population (15+) Côte d'Ivoire 40.4



# **Pay-Out Options & Access Points**

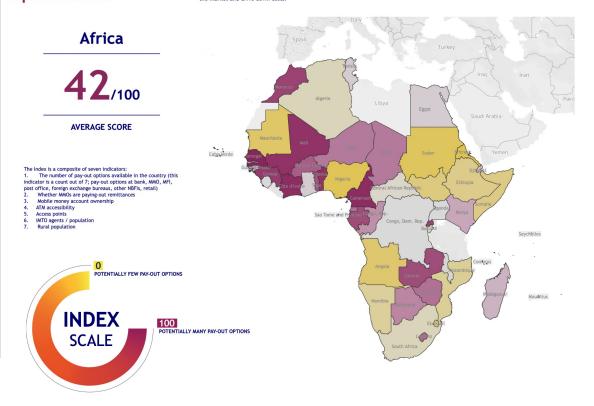
The number of countries where different types of entities are permitted to send and receive remittances aross African countries (RemitSCOPE Primary Research, 2023)



### **Options Index**

D - Remittances Pay-Out

The Remittance Pay-Out Options Index comprises seven indicators and provides insight into the array of remittance pay-out options that are available in the country mixing both digital and physical. This Index highlights countries where there are lots of potential pay-out options for remittances and in turn highlights countries where the data suggests that pay-out options are likely to be more limited. The more pay-out options available, the more accessible and convenient remittances are to the consumer. More pay-out options will also improve competition



Source: RemitSCOPE Primary Research



# Operating Environment & Considerations for Operators

### C - Remittance Market Considerations Index

Seven different indicators constitute the index score to showcase different data points in conjunction with one another. This is a composite score that reflects the extent to which there are barriers to operating in each remittance market. Weights are applied by experts. Scores out of 100.

Africa

73/100

AVERAGE SCORE

The indexes assist in market analysis at they use the insights of industry experts to bring different indicators together and weight them according to their relative importance to the Index.

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The Market Considerations Index comprises 8 indicators and aims to highlight countries where there are market conditions that may affect or challenge remittance business operations.

This Index is for operators as to where they may be market conditions that may present challenges to running a remittances business.

The eight composite indicators of the Index are:

- 1. Whether there are restrictions on outbound remittances
- 2. High inflation
- 3. Exclusive relationships between RSPs and agents
- 1. FATF watchlist
- Parallel or black market for local currency that affects demand for formal remittance services
- 6. Number of the top 5 international money transfers operators sending money to the country
- 7. Specific guidance / regulation for money transfer businesses
- 8. Pay-out mainly in USD

